

inorganicventures.com

Christiansburg, VA 24073 · USA

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

tel: 800.669.6799 · 540.585.3030 fax; 540.585.3012

info@inorganicventures.com

1.0 ACCREDITATION / REGISTRATION

INORGANIC VENTURES is accredited to ISO Guide 34, "General Requirements for the Competence of Reference Material Producers" and ISO/IEC 17025, "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories". Inorganic Ventures is also an ISO 9001 registered manufacturer (SAI Global File Number 010105).



2.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Product Code: Single Analyte Custom Grade Solution

Catalog Number: CGMSA1
Lot Number: J2-S02032

Matrix: H2O

Value / Analyte(s): 1 000 μg/mL ea:

S

Starting Material: MSA
Starting Material Lot#: 1988

Starting Material Purity: 99.9998%

3.0 CERTIFIED VALUES AND UNCERTAINTIES

Certified Value: $1005 \pm 4 \mu g/mL$

Certified Density: 0.999 g/mL (measured at 20 \pm 1 °C)

Assay Information:

Assay Method #1 $1005 \pm 2 \mu g/mL$

Acidimetric NIST SRM 84L Lot Number: 84L

Assay Method #2 1005 ± 4 µg/mL

ICP Assay NIST SRM 3154 Lot Number: 892205

- The Calculated Value is a value calculated from the weight of a starting material that has been certified directly vs. a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) SRM/RM. See Sec 4.2 for balance traceability.

The following equations are used in the calculation of the certified value and the uncertainty. Reported uncertainties represent expanded uncertainties expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

Characterization of CRM/RM by Two Methods

Certified Value, X_{CRM/RM}, where two methods of characterization are used is the weighted mean of the two results:

 $\mathsf{X}_{\mathsf{CRM}/\mathsf{RM}} = [(\mathsf{w}_a)\; (\mathsf{X}_a) + (\mathsf{w}_b)\; (\mathsf{X}_b)]$

X_a = mean of Assay Method A with standard uncertainty u_{char a}

X_b = mean of Assay Method B with standard uncertainty u_{char b}

 $\mathbf{w_a}$ and $\mathbf{w_b}$ = the weighting factors for each method calculated using the inverse square of the variance:

 $\mathbf{w_a} = (1/u_{\text{char a}})^2 / ((1/u_{\text{char a}})^2 + (1/u_{\text{char b}})^2))$ $\mathbf{w_b} = (1/u_{\text{char b}})^2 / ((1/u_{\text{char a}})^2 + (1/u_{\text{char b}})^2))$

CRM/RM Expanded Uncertainty (±) = $U_{CRM/RM} = k (u_{char a\&b}^2 + u_{bb}^2 + u_{lts}^2 + u_{sts}^2)^{1/2}$

k = coverage factor = 2 in all cases at Inorganic Ventures

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{u}_{\textbf{char a\&b}} = [(w_a)^2 \ (u_{\textbf{char a}})^2 + (w_b)^2 \ (u_{\textbf{char b}})^2]^{1/2} \ \ \text{where } u_{\textbf{char a}} \ \ \text{and} \ \ u_{\textbf{char b}} \ \ \text{are the square} \\ \text{root of the sum of the squares of errors from characterization which include instrument} \\ \text{measurement, density, NIST SRM uncertainty, weighing, and volume} \end{array}$

 $\mathbf{u_{bb}}$ = bottle to bottle homogeneity standard uncertainty

u_{lts} = long term stability standard uncertainty (storage)

u_{sts} = short term stability standard uncertainty (transportation)

Characterization of CRM/RM by One Method

Certified Value, X_{CRM/RM}, where one method of characterization is used is the mean of individual results:

X_{CRM/RM} = mean of Assay Method A with standard uncertainty u_{char a}

CRM/RM Expanded Uncertainty (±) = $U_{CRM/RM} = k (u^2_{char} a + u^2_{bb} + u^2_{lts} + u^2_{sts})^{1/2}$

k = coverage factor = 2 in all cases at Inorganic Ventures

u_{char a} = square root of the sum of the squares of the errors from characterization which include instrumental measurement, density, NIST SRM uncertainty, weighing, and volume

u_{bb} = bottle to bottle homogeneity standard uncertainty

u_{lts} = long term stability standard uncertainty (storage)

u_{sts} = short term stability standard uncertainty (transportation)

4.0 TRACEABILITY TO NIST

- This product is traceable to NIST via an unbroken chain of comparisons. The uncertainties for each certified value are reported, taking into account the SRM/RM uncertainty error and the measurement, weighing and volume dilution errors. In rare cases where no NIST SRM/RM are available, the term 'in-house std.' is specified.

4.1 Thermometer Calibration

- All thermometers are NIST traceable through thermometers that are calibrated by an accredited calibration laboratory.

4.2 Balance Calibration

- All analytical balances are calibrated by an accredited calibration laboratory and procedure. The weights used for testing are annually compared to master weights and are traceable to NIST.

4.3 Glassware Calibration

- An in-house procedure is used to calibrate all Class A glassware used in the manufacturing and quality control of CRM/RMs.

5.0 TRACE METALLIC IMPURITIES (TMI) DETERMINED BY ICP-MS AND ICP-OES (µg/mL)

CRM/RMs are tested for trace metallic impurities by Axial ICP-OES and ICP-MS. The result from the most sensitive method for each element, is reported below. Solutions tested by ICP-MS were analyzed in an ULPA-Filtered Clean Room. An ULPA-Filter is 99.9985% efficient for the removal of particles down to $0.3 \, \mu m$.

M	Ag	<	0.000320	M	Eu	<	0.001922	О	Na		0.001261	M	Se	<	0.004484	0	Zn	0.000068
0	Αl		0.000600	0	Fe		0.002011	M	Nb	<	0.000320	0	Si	<	0.015570	М	Zr	0.000084
M	As	<	0.003203	M	Ga	<	0.000320	M	Nd	<	0.000320	M	Sm	<	0.000320			
М	Au	<	0.000320	M	Gd		0.000105	0	Ni	<	0.003114	M	Sn	<	0.000641			
0	В	<	0.003114	M	Ge	<	0.002242	M	Os	<	0.000635	0	Sr		0.000005			
М	Ba		0.000053	M	Hf	<	0.000320	0	Р	<	0.017646	M	Ta	<	0.000320			
0	Be	<	0.000208	M	Hg	<	0.003175	M	Pb	<	0.000320	M	Tb	<	0.000320			
М	Bi	<	0.000320	M	Но	<	0.000320	M	Pd	<	0.000641	M	Te	<	0.001601			
0	Ca		0.000964	M	In	<	0.000320	M	Pr	<	0.000320	M	Th	<	0.000320			
M	Cd	<	0.000320	M	lr	<	0.000317	M	Pt	<	0.000320	Ο	Ti	<	0.001453			
M	Се		0.000158	0	K		0.000273	M	Rb	<	0.001281	M	TI	<	0.000320			
M	Co	<	0.000320	M	La	<	0.000320	M	Re	<	0.000320	M	Tm	<	0.000320			
0	Cr	<	0.002387	0	Li		0.000020	M	Rh	<	0.000320	M	U	<	0.000320			
M	Cs	<	0.000320	M	Lu	<	0.000320	M	Ru		0.000094	Ο	V	<	0.002076			
M	Cu	<	0.001281	0	Mg		0.000126	s	S	<		M	W	<	0.000320			
M	Dy	<	0.000641	M	Mn	<	0.000961	M	Sb	<	0.000320	M	Υ	<	0.000320			
M	Er	<	0.000320	M	Мо	<	0.002562	0	Sc	<	0.000415	M	Yb	<	0.000320			

M - Checked by ICP-MS O - Checked by ICP-OES i - Spectral Interference

6.0 INTENDED USE

- For the calibration of analytical instruments and validation of analytical methods as appropriate.

7.0 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CORRECT USE OF THIS REFERENCE MATERIAL

7.1 Storage and Handling Recommendations

- Keep cap tightly sealed when not in use. Store and use at $20 \pm 4^{\circ}$ C. Do not pipette from the container. Do not return removed aliquots to container.

Atomic Weight; Valence; Coordination Number; Chemical Form in Solution - 32.07 + 66 (O=)2 S(OH)2 Chemical Compatibility -Soluble in HCl, HNO3, H3PO4 and HF aqueous matrices water and NH4OH . Stable with all metals and inorganic anions at low to moderate ppm levels under acidic conditions except Ba and Pb and to a lesser extent Sr, and Ca.

Stability - 2-100 ppb levels- stability unknown- in 1% HNO3 / LDPE container. 1-10,000 ppm solutions chemically stable for years in LDPE container.

S Containing Samples (Preparation and Solution) -We most often get questions about the determination of S in Rocks, Silicates and insoluble sulfates (the finely powered sample is fused in a Pt0 crucible with 6 times its weight of Na2CO3 + 0.5 grams KNO3. The fuseate is extracted with water. Any BaSO4 present in the sample is transposed by the carbonate fusion to the BaCO3 which is left behind in the water-insoluble residue. If PbSO4 is present the fuseate should be boiled with a sodium carbonate saturated with CO2 solution for 1 hour or more where the PbSO4 will be transposed to the water insoluble carbonate which can be filtered off. Boiling the fuseate with a saturated carbonate solution is good insurance for samples containing Ba, Sr, and Ca. The Ba, Pb, Sr, Ca, free filtrate can be acidified and measured by ICP.)

Atomic Spectroscopic Information (ICP-OES D.L.s are given as radial/axial view):

Technique/Line	Estimated D.L.	Order	Interferences (underlined indicates severe)					
ICP-MS 32 amu	30,000 ppt	n/a	16O2, 14N18O,					
			15N17O,					
			14N17O1H,					
			15N16O1H					
ICP-OES 143.328 nm	0.4 / 0.035 μg/mL	1						
ICP-OES 166.669nm	0.2 / 0.19 μg/mL	1	Si, B					
ICP-OES 182.034 nm	0.3 / 0.024 μg/mL	1						

8.0 HAZARDOUS INFORMATION

- Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding this CRM/RM.

9.0 HOMOGENEITY

- This solution was mixed according to an in-house procedure and is guaranteed to be homogeneous. Homogeneity data indicate that the end user should take a minimum sample size of 0.2 mL to assure homogeneity.

10.0 QUALITY STANDARD DOCUMENTATION

10.1 10CFR50 Appendix B - Nuclear Regulatory Commission

- Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities

10.2 10CFR21 - Nuclear Regulatory Commission

- Reporting defects and Non-Compliance

10.3 ISO 9001 Quality Management System Registration

- SAI Global File Number 010105

10.4 ISO/IEC Guide 17025 "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories"

- Chemical Testing - Accredited / A2LA Certificate Number 883.01

10.5 ISO/IEC Guide 34 "General Requirements for the Competence of Reference Material Producers"

- Reference Material Producer - Accredited / A2LA Certificate Number 883.02

11.0 CERTIFICATION, EXPIRATION AND PERIOD OF VALIDITY

11.1 Certification Issue Date

August 19, 2015

11.2 Expiration Date

11.3 Period of Validity

- The certification is valid within the measurement uncertainty specified provided the CRM/RM is handled and stored in accordance with instructions given in Sec 7.0 and used prior to the date given in Sec 11.2. This certification is nullified if the CRM/RM is damaged, contaminated, or otherwise modified.

12.0 NAMES AND SIGNATURES OF CERTIFYING OFFICERS

Certificate Prepared By:

Maurice Harris

Product Documentation Technician

Mai Ais Burn Meyhurs Parl R Laine

Certificate Approved By:

Brian Alexander

PhD., Technical Process Director

Certifying Officer:

Paul Gaines

PhD., Senior Technical Director